Greater Roadrunner Geococcyx californianus



Suggested alt text: "A picture containing a weapon"



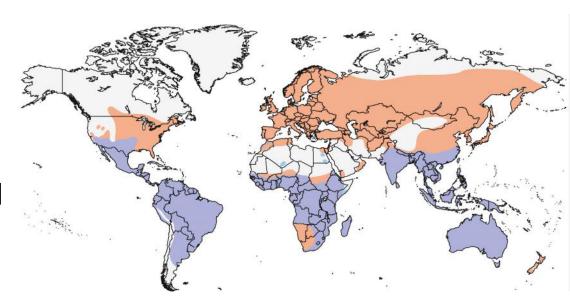
Let's meet the bird, the myth, the legend...





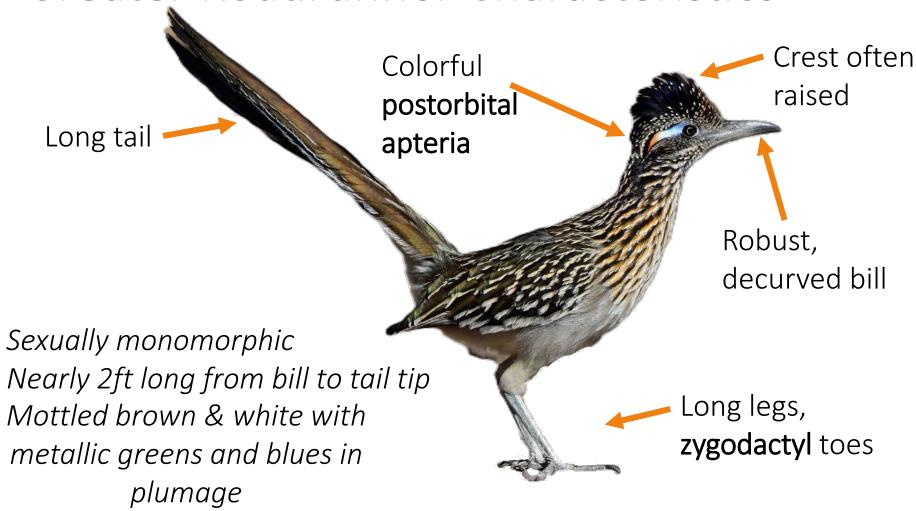
But first, meet the Cuckoos...

- Order Cuculiformes, Family Cuculidae (cuckoos, roadrunners, and anis)
- 147 species
- Found in forested, woodland, savannah, and arid scrubland habitats
- Cuculidae is (in)famous for engaging in brood parasitism





Greater Roadrunner Characteristics





Feathers: Color

- The iridescence on feathers is the result of *structural* color not pigment
 - -Tiny bubbles in the feather's structure refract the light

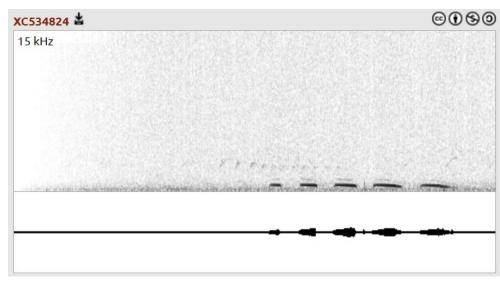






Vocalizations

- Coo-call 3-8 lowfrequency down-slurring coos given by the male; if heard, bird is typically within 250m
- Bark-call sounds like coyote yelps – only given by female
- Bill rattle given by both sexes



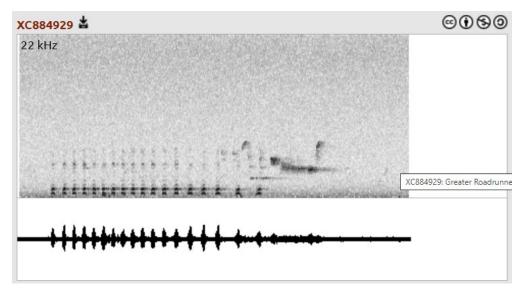
Caleb Helsel, XC534824. Accessible at www.xeno-canto.org/534824.





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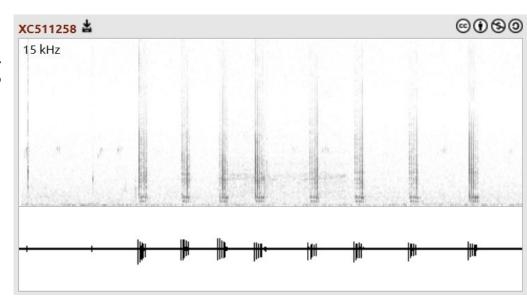
Mark McClelland, XC884929. Accessible at www.xeno-canto.org/884929.





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Bobby Wilcox, XC511258. Accessible at www.xeno-canto.org/511258





Greater Roadrunner Habitats

- Associated with arid to semi-arid open country with up to 50% scrub cover, usually with 2-3m tall brush
- In Texas, found most frequently in mesquite scrub, juniper savannah, chapparal, riparian woodlands, canyonlands



jakeschneider00, iNaturalist, CCBY-NC

Texas Prairie Girl, iNaturalist, CCBY-NC

Patrick Ryan, iNaturalist, CCBY-NC



Myth or Fact?

Roadrunners are so adaptable, they can persist in ANY setting

MYTH





Greater Roadrunner Habitats

- Across its range, often found in low-density development and farmland
- Generally avoids areas of heavy urbanization and dense forest/woodland





Greater Roadrunner Adaptations

Adapted to arid habitats

Countercurrent blood flow in facial area to cool brain

Nasal glands can excrete salt

Capable of reabsorbing water via excretory system

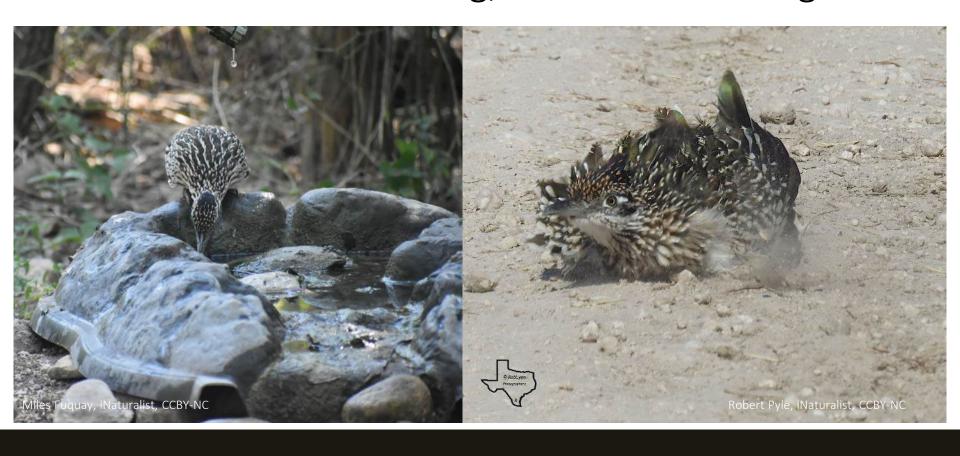
Cooling via gular fluttering, panting, & gaping into a strong breeze

Can reach running speeds of up to 20 mph



Greater Roadrunner Adaptations

Water is for drinking, dust is for bathing





Thermoregulation

- Body temperature may drop by as much as 6°F at night to save energy (torpor)
- Sunbathes with back to the sun
- Dark down on back insulates and collects sun's warmth





Myth or Fact?

Roadrunners can safely eat venomous prey like wasps, centipedes, & scorpions

FACT





Bird Salesman: *gently pats roadrunner*
This bad boy can fit so many prey items in it...

90% animals: insects, spiders, scorpions, centipedes, millipedes, lizards, small snakes, adult birds and their young and eggs, rodents, frogs, carrion 10% plant material













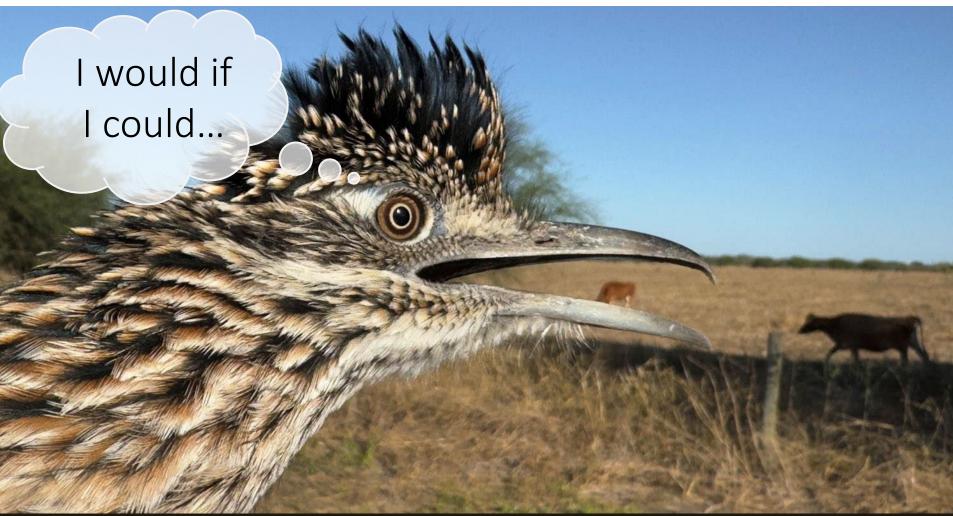




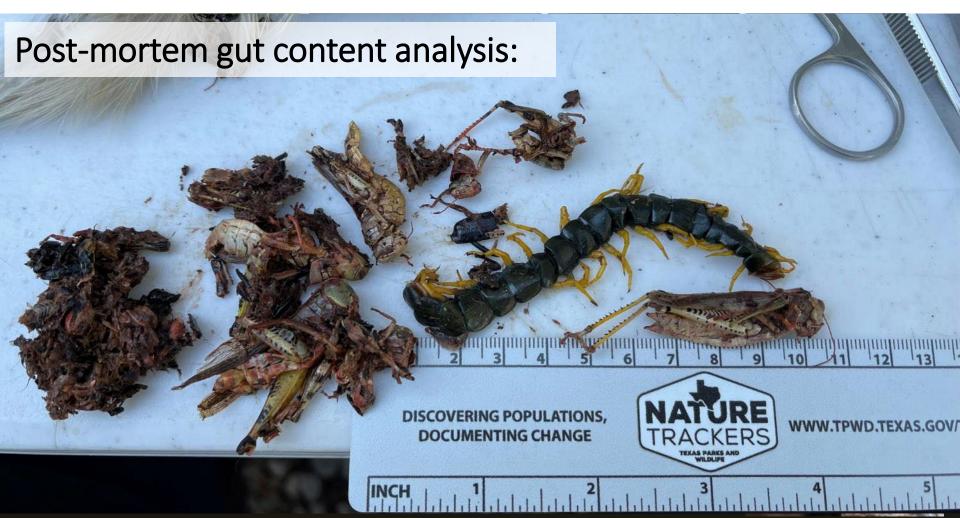














Advanced Techniques...

- Larger prey slammed against hard surfaces to kill or incapacitate; may also help "tenderize" prey to make it easier to swallow
- Horned lizards are swallowed head-first and dorsal-side-up to avoid injury from horns
- Will knock tasajillo and prickly pear fruits off plant and roll them on the ground to remove spines





Myth or Fact?

Roadrunners can even kill and eat rattlesnakes

FACT





"Roadrunner and Rattlesnake fight" by American In Mykolaiv https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3LE78eJx5hg





What eats roadrunners?

- Eggs and nestlings taken by coyotes, raccoons, skunks, rat snakes, coachwhips, bullsnakes, sometimes corvids or raptors
- Adults often taken by Redtailed Hawks and Cooper's Hawks





Myth or Fact?

Adult roadrunners are so fast, no mammalian predators can catch them

MYTH





What eats roadrunners?

A roadrunner's top speed (up to 20 mph) is still not fast enough to outrun a coyote (up to 43 mph)





- Holds a year-round territory
- Mated pair may split the territory during nonbreeding season
- Complex courtship with displays



Tail-Wag Display



- Mates for life
- Nuptial gift during mating





Myth or Fact?

Unlike many other cuckoos, roadrunners raise their own young

FACT





- In Texas, breeds early March-late October
 - –Nests up to 3 times/season if conditions are favorable
- Nests usually placed 1-3m high in isolated thickets of small trees/shrubs, typically near open grassy areas with short vegetation
 - —In hackberry, honey mesquite, sumacs, sometimes cacti
 - –Male brings materials, female builds
- 3-6 eggs, more eggs when food abundant, laid every other day





- Both parents incubate
- Only male incubates at night, which is more metabolically expensive
- Males carry larger fat deposits





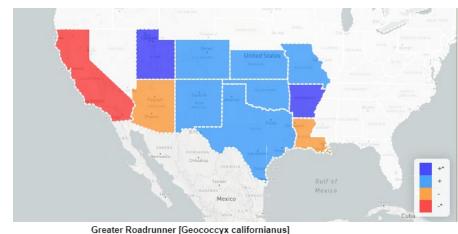
- By 16 days post-hatch, young can fully run and exhibit tailbobbing and crest-raising and can pick up and swallow own food
 - -Fledge at 14-25 days old
 - —Early fledges usually led to cover by adult who continues to feed it along with other young still in nest
 - —Independent 30-40 days after fledging

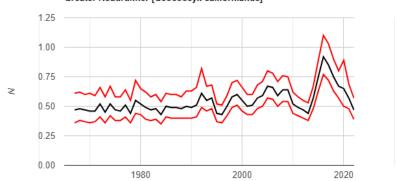




Conservation Status

- Global population ~1.4 million birds
- Long-term (last 50 years) population stable
- CBC 11.7% increase since 1970
- BBS 5.9% increase since 1966

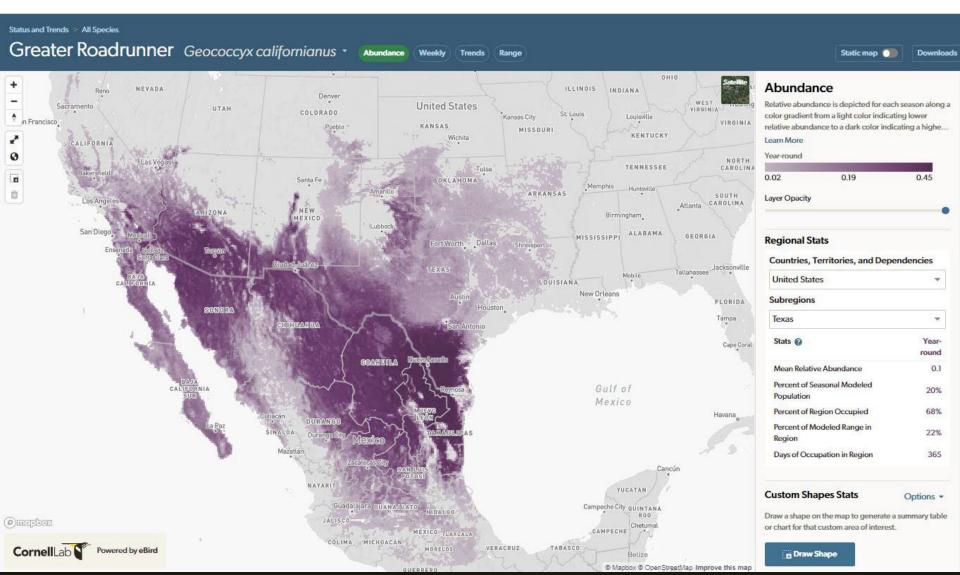




USGS, Breeding Bird Survey



Roughly **20-33% of the global population** resides in Texas





Threats: Habitat Loss

- Generally impacted by urbanization
 - —Increased vehicular, human, and pet activity
 - —Changes to vegetation structure
- May persist in suburban areas where native shrub vegetation is adjacent to short-grass foraging habitat





Threats: Collisions

- At risk from vehicular collisions due to cursorial habits & frequent proximity of foraging habitat to roads
- Documented as a common mortality at solar installations due to fencing









Myth or Fact?

Roadrunners are major predators of quail

MYTH







"Comprehensive feeding studies indicate that quail are rarely consumed and confirm the value of the Greater Roadrunner in crop and household pest control" but birds are still being shot illegally



Cultural Connections

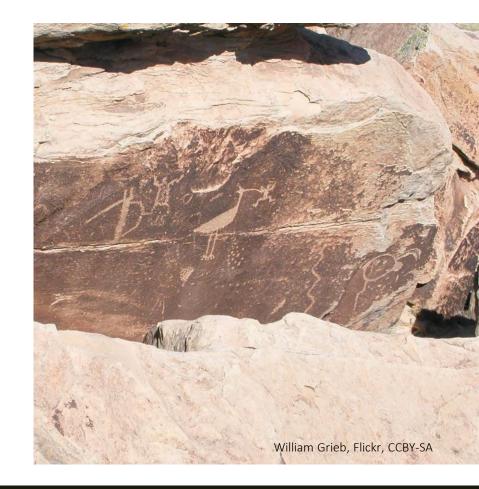
- Present in many Native American stories & traditions
 - -Courage, strength, endurance
- Native American names translate to "War Bird", "Snake Eater", or "Medicine Bird"
- Spanish names "el corre caminos" or "el paisano"
- English names "ground cuckoo", "chapparal cock"





Roadrunner in Native American Culture

- Depicted in petroglyphs in the Llano Estacado and southern New Mexico
- Pueblo peoples use "X" to symbolize a roadrunner track to ward off evil
 - Placing roadrunner tracks around the home of the deceased confuses evil spirits about the path of the departed's soul





European-American settlers believed if one was lost, following a roadrunner would lead them back to a trail





Congratulations on getting the tail length



Plumage color is ALL WRONG

What is this bill even???

Maybe zygodactyl toes. *Maybe*.

Bird runs - accurate





Still the wrong color, sigh













It's giving major Godzilla energy



Road Runner by Bo Diddley (1960)

I'm a road runner honey, Beep! Beep!

I'm a road runner honey,
And you can't keep up with me,
I'm a road runner honey,
And you can't keep up with me,
Come on, let's race,
Baby baby, you will see,
Here I come,
Beep! Beep!







Miles the hatchling roadrunner made national news in May 2023 after a couple logged over 660 miles in a quest to save this lone survivor of a nest in Odessa, TX









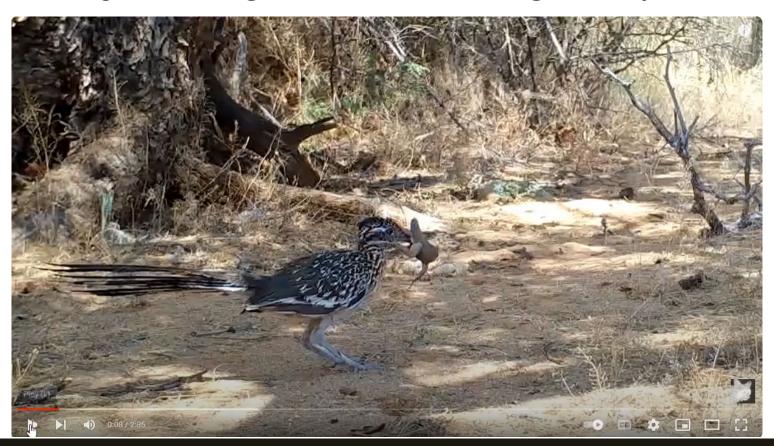


Courage – no challenge is too daunting





Strength —doing the hard work to get the job done





Endurance – dynamic & always on the move





Perseverance – facing obstacles head-on in service to our communities





Teamwork & loyalty to the mission













Water

- Drips, bubblers, guzzlers, shallow basin
- Keep it clean!





Shelter & Space

- Cultivate/protect mid-story native shrub & cacti species for cover and nesting
- Open areas of low-growing native vegetation for foraging
- Roadrunners are territorial and will stay in the same area yearround

Protect open space in and around urban areas!





Safety - Pesticides

- 90% of diet is animal prey

 avoid use of insecticides

 and rodenticides
- Ideally, use integrated pest management techniques rather than relying on chemical pesticides
- Benefits for ALL wildlife

Roadrunners ARE pest control





Safety - Cats Indoors





Safety – Vehicle Collisions

- Encourage driver awareness of smaller wildlife near roadways
- Signage
- Wildlife over- or underpasses may benefit multiple smaller species









Community Science for Birds







Project NestWatch











2025 Texas Master Naturalists,

show us your Greater Roadrunner spirit!





Questions?

